

STEP BY STEP

A Simple Guide to Filing a Civil Action

You believe that you have been injured or wronged by someone, some individual, corporation or government agency. You also believe you should be compensated for the harm you have suffered. In order to accomplish this, you have decided to file a civil suit in the United States District Court, without the help of an attorney.

FUNDAMENTAL INFORMATION

First, there are a few simple concepts you must get to know and understand.

The **PLAINTIFF** is the person who files the lawsuit.

The **DEFENDANT** is the person who is being sued.

If the you are representing yourself without the benefit of an attorney, you are known as a **PRO SE** LITIGANT. "Pro Se" is a Latin term meaning "for yourself."

As a pro se litigant, you enjoy every right entitled to you under the law. You need not worry if you have had little or no experience with the courts before. However, pro se litigants are expected to follow/abide by the rules that govern the practice of law in the Federal Courts. Pro Se Litigants should be familiar with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Local Rules of this court. The Local Rules are available In the Clerk's Office or on the Court's website - <u>www.mad.uscourts.gov.</u> The Federal Rules can be accessed in any law library or through the Federal Judiciary's website - <u>www.uscourts.gov.</u>

FEDERAL COURT vs STATE COURT

There is a difference between State Court and Federal Court. The difference being in what types of cases (law suits) they can decide. This is called **JURISDICTION**. State Court has general/broad jurisdiction, and Federal Court has limited/specific jurisdiction. Under Federal Court jurisdiction, the two main types of cases are Federal Question Cases (see 28 U.S.C. § 1331) and Diversity Cases (see 28 U.S.C. § 1332).

FEDERAL QUESTION CASES:

are cases where the issue involves violation of Federal Law.

DIVERSITY CASES:

are cases where the Plaintiff and Defendant are citizens of different states and the amount in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$75,000., exclusive of interest and costs.

STEP ONE: WRITE YOUR COMPLAINT

All cases are comprised of documents prepared and filed by litigants. The most common documents are the complaint, answer and motions. The first document that you must write is called a COMPLAINT - (Attachment 1). The function of the COMPLAINT is to tell the Court and defendant the reason for filing the

lawsuit and what relief you desire. The COMPLAINT is made up of four main parts:

- 1. The NAME AND ADDRESS of the plaintiff and the defendant. These are usually listed in the first and second paragraphs respectively. If there is more than one defendant, list each defendant's name and address in separate additional paragraphs.
- 2. The JURISDICTION or reason your case is being filed in this federal court. <u>See 28</u> <u>U.S.C. §1331 et seq.</u>
- 3. The ALLEGATIONS or claims that you are making against the defendant. Place each allegation in a <u>short</u>, <u>clearly-written</u> paragraph. <u>See Rule 10 Federal Rules of Civil Procedure</u>
- 4. The RELIEF you are seeking from the court. This can be money or something you want the judge to make the defendant do or stop doing. This information is usually written in the last paragraph of the COMPLAINT.

Please be sure to <u>number each paragraph</u> except for the paragraph that asks the court for relief. If you

believe you are entitled to a trial by jury, you must indicate in a paragraph following the relief requested that you

claim trial by jury. See Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Do not worry that your COMPLAINT is not professionally written. The court will take into consideration

that you are a PRO SE litigant and untrained in drafting legal documents. You should, however, make every

effort to state your case in clear, concise terms. See Rule 8 and 10 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Forms for filing a petition under Title 28 U.S.C. §2254 for writ of habeas corpus by a person in state

custody or a motion under Title 28 U.S.C. §2255 to vacate, set aside, or correct sentence by a person in federal

custody are available from the PRO SE clerk.

All pleadings submitted to this court must be on 8 1/2 x 11" paper. See Rule 5.1 of the Local Rules of

this Court.

STEP TWO: FILE YOUR COMPLAINT

Your next step is to file the COMPLAINT with the court. In addition to filing the COMPLAINT, the following forms will have to be completed and submitted with the complaint:

- 1. A Civil Cover Sheet (Attachment 2)
- 2. A Civil Category Sheet (Attachment 3)
- 3. A completed SUMMONS for each defendant (Attachment 4)

You will also have to pay a filing fee of <u>\$350.00</u>¹ at the time you file your COMPLAINT and cover sheets. The filing fee for a petition for writ of habeas corpus is <u>\$5.00</u>. The filing fee, however, may be waived if you cannot afford to pay it. For more information, see below. All checks or money orders should be made payable to: "CLERK, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT".

IF YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO PAY THE FILING FEE you may be allowed to have the filing fee waived if you fill out the following form and send it to the court with the COMPLAINT, Cover Sheets and completed Summons forms:

1. Application to Proceed Without Prepayment of Fees and Affidavit (AO 240 (Rev. 10/03)) (Attachment 5)

When you file the COMPLAINT, Cover Sheets, Summons forms and Application to Proceed Without Prepayment of Fees, each of these will be reviewed and forwarded to a United States District Court Judge for his or her consideration. If your Application is approved, the filing fee will be waived and your case will be drawn to a United States District Judge. If your Application is <u>not</u> approved, you must pay the filing fee to have your case filed and drawn to a United States District Judge. Ask the PRO SE clerk for more information on this subject.

PRISONERS are now required to pay the full filing fee of <u>\$350.00</u> for civil actions, <u>\$5.00</u> for habeas corpus applications under 28 U.S.C. <u>\$2254</u> and <u>\$455.00</u>² for appeals *in forma pauperis*. If insufficient funds exist

¹ The filing fee for civil action cases was increased from \$250.00 to \$350.00 effective April 9, 2006.

² The filing fee for appeals was increased from \$255.00 to \$455.00 effective April 9, 2006.

in the prisoner's account, the court must assess and, when funds exist, collect, an initial partial filing fee of 20 percent of the greater of:

- (1) the average monthly deposits to the prisoner's account; or
- (2) the average monthly balance in the prisoner's account for the prior six-month period.

Thereafter, the prisoner will be required to make monthly payments of 20 percent of the preceding month's income. The agency having custody of the prisoner must forward payments from the prisoner's account to the clerk of court each time the amount exceeds \$10.00 until the filing fees are paid in full. <u>See 28 U.S.C.</u> <u>§1915 as amended effective April 26, 1996</u> (Attachment 6) regarding proceedings *In Forma Pauperis* pursuant to the Prison Litigation Reform Act (Pub. L. No. 104-134, 110 Stat. 1321.)

A PRISONER who cannot pay the entire filing fee and who is seeking to proceed in forma pauperis must

submit along with the complaint, cover sheet, category sheet and summons:

- 1. the Application to Proceed Without Prepayment of Fees and Affidavit form (AO 240 (Rev. 10/03)) with:
 - a. completed certificate portion of the AO 240 form by the institution of incarceration; and
- 2. certified copy of the prisoner's trust fund account (or institutional equivalent) for the prior sixmonth period.

STEP THREE: JUDICIAL REVIEW OF COMPLAINT

Once you have submitted all of the necessary papers, the court will review the complaint and other

documents and shall dismiss the case at any time if the court determines that:

- 1. the allegation of poverty is untrue;
- 2. the action or appeal -
 - a. is frivolous or malicious;
 - b. fails to state a claim on which relief may be granted; or
 - c. seeks monetary relief against a defendant who is immune from such relief.

The court will also review the prior submissions of prisoners to determine if a prisoner proceeding IFP

has, on three or more occasions, while incarcerated, brought an action or appeal in a federal court that was

dismissed on the grounds that it was frivolous, malicious, or failed to state a claim upon which relief may be

granted. Under the Prison Litigation Reform Act, unless a prisoner is under imminent danger of serious physical

injury, he may not bring a civil action or appeal a judgment in a civil action or proceeding in forma pauperis, if, on three or more previous occasions, he has brought an action or appeal in a federal court that was dismissed on the ground that the action or appeal was frivolous, malicious, or failed to state a claim upon which relief could be granted. In cases in which the prisoner has had three or more previous matters dismissed for one or more of these reasons, the prisoner must pay the entire filing fee at the time the civil action or appeal is filed or his action or appeal may be dismissed. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

Even if your complaint is dismissed, you will still be obligated to pay the full amount of the filing fee.

A copy of Title 28 U.S.C. §1915 - Proceedings *in forma pauperis* as amended is included with this package. (Attachment 6)

STEP FOUR: SERVICE OF PROCESS

If your COMPLAINT is filed, your case will be drawn to a District Judge and assigned a civil action

number. The completed SUMMONS (Attachment 4) will be signed and sealed by the clerk and returned to you.

Your next step is to SERVE (inform) each of the defendants that he or she is being sued. This may be

done in two ways:

1. NOTICE & REQUEST FOR WAIVER OF SERVICE

If you are suing the United States (and its agencies, corporations, or officers) or a state, local or foreign government, you CANNOT use Form AO398 and YOU MUST arrange for <u>Service of Process</u> (which is described below).

You may notify the defendant(s) of the commencement of the lawsuit by sending a "NOTICE OF LAWSUIT AND REQUEST FOR WAIVER OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS" - Form AO 398 (Attachment 7) and AO 399 (Attachment 8) along with a copy of the complaint by first-class mail or other reliable means. You must also include a copy of the Waiver of Service of Summons form - AO 399 and a self addressed return envelope. See <u>Rule 4(d) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure</u>. If service is waived by the defendant the Waiver of Service form is returned to the plaintiff for filing with the court and the action shall proceed. If the defendant does not waive service, the plaintiff must proceed with service of process.

2. SERVICE OF PROCESS

Making "service of process" involves serving a copy of a summons and a copy of the complaint to each of the defendants.

A SUMMONS is a writ used to notify the person named as the defendant of the commencement of the civil action and the requirement to appear and answer. The summons must contain the name of the court and the names of the parties, be directed to the defendant, state the name and address of the plaintiff's attorney, if any, otherwise the plaintiff's address and the time within which the rules require the defendant to answer the complaint.

If a defendant has not "waived service of summons" OR you are suing a government (federal, state, local, foreign) YOU MUST ARRANGE to have a copy of an original summons and a copy of the complaint served upon each defendant.

You must complete a summons for each defendant and present each summons to the Clerk who will sign and place the court seal on each summons. A copy of the summons must be served upon each defendant with a copy of the complaint. The original summons should be kept by the person making service.

You can make service of process by having a "disinterested" person who is over the age of eighteen deliver copies of the SUMMONS and COMPLAINT to each of the defendants. When using this method of making service of process, have the server fill out the back of the <u>original</u> SUMMONS, and send it to the court. <u>See Rule 4</u>, <u>Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.</u>

If you have filed an Application to Proceed Without Prepayment of Fees and it has been allowed by a Judge, service of process will be made upon each defendant, without cost to you, by the United States Marshal. **However, you are responsible for completing all of the forms required by the Marshal for service.** You will receive instructions on this matter from the PRO SE Clerk <u>after</u> the Judge has approved your application.

If you have filed a petition under 28 U.S.C. §2254 for writ of habeas corpus by a person in state custody or a motion under 28 U.S.C. §2255 to vacate, set aside, or correct sentence by a person in federal custody, an order will be issued by the Court concerning service upon the respondents. No Summons are issued in these types of cases.

<u>NOTE:</u> Service of the SUMMONS and COMPLAINT on the defendant must be made within 120 days from the date the complaint was filed or the case will be subject to dismissal. <u>See Rule 4(m)</u>, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

For more information, read Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or contact the PRO SE Clerk.

THINGS YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT

The ANSWER is the formal written statement by the defendant responding to a complaint setting forth any defenses and objections to the claims by the plaintiff.

A MOTION is an application or request made to the court for the purpose of obtaining a ruling or order directing some act to be done in favor of the applicant. <u>See Rule 7(b)</u>, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and <u>Local Rule 7.1</u>.

IF YOU CANNOT AFFORD AN ATTORNEY, you may make a written motion asking the court to appoint an attorney for you. Use the same heading that you used on your COMPLAINT, but entitle the document "Motion for Appointment of Counsel". In your motion, provide the court with your financial status, your attempts, if any, to find a lawyer, and any other information which would be helpful to the court in determining whether a lawyer should be appointed for you. The Court is not required to appoint an attorney, but may request an attorney who has indicated a willingness to accept such cases on a pro bono basis to represent you. <u>See Title</u> <u>28 U.S.C. §1915</u>.

AFTER THE ANSWER

In most cases the Court will issue a SCHEDULING ORDER which sets forth a timetable with deadlines the litigants must follow.

The DISCOVERY PERIOD is the time frame allowed by the court for both plaintiff and defendant to discover facts, research the law, and gather evidence to be presented at trial to prove the litigant's position/case. <u>See Local Rules 26.1 through 26.6 and 33.1 through 37.1.</u> The Discovery period always comes after the filing of the answer by the defendant, and before the 1st day of the trial.

Whenever you file a document with the court, you must always:

1. Send a copy to each of the parties, or their lawyers, who are involved in the case and indicate at the end of the document that you have done so in accordance with Local Rule 5.2.

- 2. Provide the correct civil action number of your case on both the document and the front of the envelope in which it is enclosed.
- 3. Sign all documents you file with the court. Place the words "PRO SE" after your name. Place your address and telephone number on all documents.

The Customer Services Section of the United States District Court Clerk's Office in Boston is located in

Suite 2300, United States Courthouse, 1 Courthouse Way, Boston, MA 02210. Office hours are 8:30 A.M. to

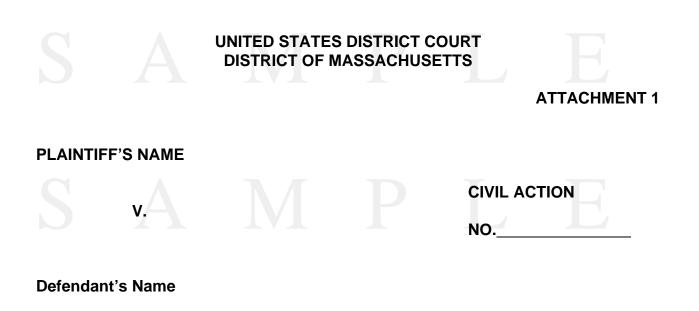
5:00 P.M., Monday through Friday.

For more information, contact the PRO SE Clerk in Boston at (617) 748-9130.

If you are located in the Worcester or Springfield area you may contact one of the divisional offices as

indicated below:

United States District Court Donohue Federal Building 595 Main Street - Room 502 Worcester, MA 01608 (508) 929-9900 United States District Court Federal Building & Courthouse 1550 Main Street Springfield, MA 01103 (413) 785-0015





Parties

COMPLAINT

- 1. The plaintiff is a resident of your town, your county, Massachusetts and a citizen of the United States.
- 2. The defendant Harry Houdini is a resident of East Overshoe and a citizen of the United States.
- 3. The defendant Hazel Houdini is a resident of East Overshoe and a citizen of

the United States.

Jurisdiction

4. This court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1332.

Facts

- 5. On July 4, 1999, Harry Houdini and Hazel Houdini entered into a contract with the Plaintiff, whereby the Houdinis agreed to.....
- 6. Facts continued.....
- 7. Facts continued.....
- 8. The last paragraphs should state the relief you are seeking.
- 9. WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff demands judgment against the defendants for damages and such other relief as this Court deems just.
- 10. If the plaintiff wants a trial by jury, it must be requested by the plaintff.
- 11. The plaintiff demands a trial by jury.

Signature _____

Name ROBERT THE RABBIT

Address 123 BUNNY LANE

Boston, Massachusetts 00000

Telephone #_____

(Att1-complaint.wpd)

SJS 44 (Rev. 11/04) €

CIVIL COVER SHEET

ATTACHMENT 2

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS	STRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)	DEFENDANTS		
 (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) (c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) 		County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED. Attorneys (If Known)		
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	III. CITIZENSHIP OF P	PRINCIPAL PARTIES	ace an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party) 	(For Diversity Cases Only)		and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF Sipal Place
2 U.S. Government Defendant	4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		2 Image: Constraint of Constraints 3 Image: Constraint of Constraints 13	
IV. NATURE OF SUIT		-		
CONTRACT 110 Insurance 120 Marine 130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	TORTS PERSONAL INJURY PERSONAL INJURY 310 Airplane 362 Personal Injury 315 Airplane Product Med. Malpractice Liability 365 Personal Injury 320 Assault, Libel & Liability Product Liability 330 Federal Employers' Liability 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product 340 Marine PERSONAL PROPER 340 Marine PERSONAL PROPER 355 Motor Vehicle 370 Other Fraud Liability 371 Truth in Lending 355 Motor Vehicle Property Damage Product Liability 385 Property Damage Product Liability 360 Other Personal njury Product Liability 385 Property Damage Product Liability 360 Other Personal Accommodations 510 Motions to Vaca 444 Voting 510 Motions to Vaca 444 Welfare 535 Death Penalty 444 Welfare 530 General 444 Welfare 530 Civil Rights 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 440 Other Civil Rights	 620 Other Food & Drug 620 Other Food & Drug 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC 881 630 Liquor Laws 640 R.R. & Truck 650 Airline Regs. 660 Occupational Safety/Health 690 Other 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act 740 Railway Labor Act re 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act 	□ 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 □ 28 USC 157 □ ■ 820 Copyrights □ 830 Patent □ 840 Trademark □ 861 HIA (1395ff) □ 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) □ 864 SSID Title XVI □ 865 RSI (405(g)) □ 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) □ □ 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609 □	OTHER STATUTES 400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 810 Selective Service 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 892 Economic Stabilization Act 895 Freedom of Information Act 900Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
$\Box 1$ Original $\Box 2_R$	Children form Appellate Court Appellate Court Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you a	Reinstated or anoth Reopened (speci		t D 7 Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23	N DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only if JURY DEMAND:	demanded in complaint:
VIII. RELATED CASH IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions): JUDGE		DOCKET NUMBER	
DATE	SIGNATURE OF A	TTORNEY OF RECORD		
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT # A	MOUNT APPLYING IFP	JUDGE	MAG. JUDG	Е

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

I. (a) **Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.

(b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)

(c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".

II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.

IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.

V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal from a magistrate judge's decision.

 VI.
 Cause of Action.
 Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause.
 Do not cite jurisdictional statutes

 unless diversity.
 Example:
 U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. In this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands of dollars) being demanded or indicate other demand such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

- 1. Title of case (name of first party on each side only)
- 2. Category in which the case belongs based upon the numbered nature of suit code listed on the civil cover sheet. (See local rule 40.1(a)(1)).
 - I. 160, 410, 470, 535, R.23, REGARDLESS OF NATURE OF SUIT.
 - II. 195, 196, 368, 400, 440, 441-446, 540, 550, 555, 625, 710, 720, 730, *Also complete AO 120 or AO 121 for patent, trademark or copyright cases
 - III.
 110, 120, 130, 140, 151, 190, 210, 230, 240, 245, 290, 310, 315, 320, 330, 340, 345, 350, 355, 360, 362, 365, 370, 371, 380, 385, 450, 891.
 - IV. 220, 422, 423, 430, 460, 480, 490, 510, 530, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 690, 810, 861-865, 870, 871, 875, 900.
 - V. 150, 152, 153.
- 3. Title and number, if any, of related cases. (See local rule 40.1(g)). If more than one prior related case has been filed in this district please indicate the title and number of the first filed case in this court.

4.	. Has a prior action between the same parties and based on the same claim ever been filed in this court?				
				YES	NO
5.	Does the complai §2403)	nt in this case question the constitution	onality of an act of c	ongress affecting	the public interest? (See 28 USC
	If so, is the U.S.A.	or an officer, agent or employee of th	e U.S. a party?	YES	NO
				YES	NO
6.	Is this case requir	red to be heard and determined by a d	listrict court of three	judges pursuant f	to title 28 USC §2284?
				YES	NO
7.		es in this action, excluding governme governmental agencies"), residing in			
				YES	NO
	А.	If yes, in which division do <u>all</u> of the	non-governmental	parties reside?	
		Eastern Division	Central Division		Western Division
	В.	If no, in which division do the majori residing in Massachusetts reside?	ity of the plaintiffs o	r the only parties,	excluding governmental agencies
		Eastern Division	Central Division		Western Division
8.		f Removal - are there any motions per sheet identifying the motions)	nding in the state co	urt requiring the a	ttention of this Court? (If yes,
				YES	NO
(Pl	LEASE TYPE OR PI	RINT)			
AT	TORNEY'S NAME				
AD	DRESS				
ΤE	LEPHONE NO.				

(CategoryForm.wpd - 5/2/05)

 $\$ AO 440 (Rev. 10/93) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

District of

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL CASE

V.

CASE

TO: (Name and address of Defendant)

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to serve upon PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY (name and address)

an answer to the complaint which is herewith served upon you, within ______ days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of service. If you fail to do so, judgment by default will be taken against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You must also file your answer with the Clerk of this Court within a reasonable period of time after service.

SAO 440 (Re	ev. 10/93)	Summons i	in a	Civil	Action
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		RETURN O		
Service of the Sum	mons and complaint was	s made by me ⁽¹⁾	DATE	
SERVER (PRINT)			TITLE	
k one box below to in	ndicate appropriate meth	od of service		
G Served personal	lly upon the third-party d	defendant. Place where	served:	
G Left copies there discretion then r		velling house or usual pl	ace of abode with a p	person of suitable age and
Name of person	with whom the summor	ns and complaint were l	eft:	
G Returned unexed	cuted:			
G Other (specify):	:			
		STATEMENT OF		
			SERVICE FEES	
	SER	RVICES	SERVICE FEES	TOTAL
		VICES DECLARATIO	N OF SERVER	TOTAL rica that the foregoing information
	under penalty of perjury	VICES DECLARATIO	N OF SERVER	
contained in the Re	under penalty of perjury eturn of Service and State	VICES DECLARATIO y under the laws of the U ement of Service Fees is	N OF SERVER	
contained in the Re	under penalty of perjury eturn of Service and State	EVICES DECLARATIO y under the laws of the U ement of Service Fees is Signature of Server	N OF SERVER	
contained in the Re	under penalty of perjury eturn of Service and State	VICES DECLARATIO y under the laws of the U ement of Service Fees is	N OF SERVER	
contained in the Re	under penalty of perjury eturn of Service and State	EVICES DECLARATIO y under the laws of the U ement of Service Fees is Signature of Server	N OF SERVER	
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(1) As to who may serve a summons see Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

e. f.

Any other sources

	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT CO	OURT ATTACHMENT 5	
District of				
	Plaintiff V.	APPLICATION WITHOUT PRE FEES AND AFF	PAYMENT OF	
	Defendant	CASE NUMBER:		
I, _		declare that I am	the (check appropriate box)	
	petitioner/plaintiff/movant			
und	the above-entitled proceeding; that in support of my r der 28 USC §1915 I declare that I am unable to pay the light in the complaint/petition/motion.	1 I	1 1 4	
In s	support of this application, I answer the following que	estions under penalty	of perjury:	
1.	Are you currently incarcerated?	□ No	(If "No," go to Part 2)	
	If "Yes," state the place of your incarceration			
	Are you employed at the institution? Do	you receive any pay	ment from the institution?	
	Attach a ledger sheet from the institution(s) of your transactions.	r incarceration showi	ng at least the past six months'	
2.	Are you currently employed?	□ No		
	a. If the answer is "Yes," state the amount of yo name and address of your employer.	ur take-home salary	or wages and pay period and give the	
	b. If the answer is "No," state the date of your last and pay period and the name and address of yo		ount of your take-home salary or wages	
3.	In the past 12 twelve months have you received any	y money from any of	the following sources?	
	 a. Business, profession or other self-employment b. Rent payments, interest or dividends c. Pensions, annuities or life insurance payments d. Disability or workers compensation payments e. Gifts or inheritances 	□ Yes □ Yes	□ No □ No □ No □ No □ No	

If the answer to any of the above is "Yes," describe, on the following page, each source of money and state the amount received and what you expect you will continue to receive.

 \Box Yes

 \Box Yes

□ No

4.	Do you have any cash or checking or savings accounts?	□ Yes	□ No
	If "Yes," state the total amount.		
5.	Do you own any real estate, stocks, bonds, securities, other fin	nancial instruments,	automobiles or any other

thing of value? \Box Yes \Box No

If "Yes," describe the property and state its value.

6. List the persons who are dependent on you for support, state your relationship to each person and indicate how much you contribute to their support.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the above information is true and correct.

Date

Signature of Applicant

NOTICE TO PRISONER: A Prisoner seeking to proceed without prepayment of fees shall submit an affidavit stating all assets. In addition, a prisoner must attach a statement certified by the appropriate institutional officer showing all receipts, expenditures, and balances during the last six months in your institutional accounts. If you have multiple accounts, perhaps because you have been in multiple institutions, attach one certified statement of each account.

28 USCS § 1915 (2002)

§ 1915. Proceedings in forma pauperis

(a) (1) Subject to subsection (b), any court of the United States may authorize the commencement, prosecution or defense of any suit, action or proceeding, civil or criminal, or appeal therein, without prepayment of fees or security therefor, by a person who submits an affidavit that includes a statement of all assets such [person] prisoner possesses that the person is unable to pay such fees or give security therefor. Such affidavit shall state the nature of the action, defense or appeal and affiant's belief that the person is entitled to redress.

(2) A prisoner seeking to bring a civil action or appeal a judgment in a civil action or proceeding without prepayment of fees or security therefor, in addition to filing the affidavit filed under paragraph (1), shall submit a certified copy of the trust fund account statement (or institutional equivalent) for the prisoner for the 6-month period immediately preceding the filing of the complaint or notice of appeal, obtained from the appropriate official of each prison at which the prisoner is or was confined.

(3) An appeal may not be taken in forma pauperis if the trial court certifies in writing that it is not taken in good faith.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding subsection (a), if a prisoner brings a civil action or files an appeal in forma pauperis, the prisoner shall be required to pay the full amount of a filing fee. The court shall assess and, when funds exist, collect, as a partial payment of any court fees required by law, an initial partial filing fee of 20 percent of the greater of--

(A) the average monthly deposits to the prisoner's account; or

(B) the average monthly balance in the prisoner's account for the 6-month period immediately preceding the filing of the complaint or notice of appeal.

(2) After payment of the initial partial filing fee, the prisoner shall be required to make monthly payments of 20 percent of the preceding month's income credited to the prisoner's account. The agency having custody of the prisoner shall forward payments from the prisoner's account to the clerk of the court each time the amount in the account exceeds \$ 10 until the filing fees are paid.

(3) In no event shall the filing fee collected exceed the amount of fees permitted by statute for the commencement of a civil action or an appeal of a civil action or criminal judgment.

(4) In no event shall a prisoner be prohibited from bringing a civil action or appealing a civil or criminal judgment for the reason that the prisoner has no assets and no means by which to pay the initial partial filing fee.

(c) Upon the filing of an affidavit in accordance with subsections (a) and (b) and the prepayment of any partial filing fee as may be required under subsection (b), the court may direct payment by the United States of the expenses of (1) printing the record on appeal in any civil or criminal case, if such printing is required by the appellate court; (2) preparing a transcript of proceedings before a United States magistrate in any civil or criminal case, if such transcript is required by the district court, in the case of proceedings conducted under section 636(b) of this title or under section 3401(b) of title 18, United States Code; and (3) printing the record on appeal if such printing is required by the appellate court, in the case of proceedings conducted pursuant to section 636(c) of this title. Such expenses shall be paid when authorized by the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.

(d) The officers of the court shall issue and serve all process, and perform all duties in such cases. Witnesses shall attend as in other cases, and the same remedies shall be available as are provided for by law in other cases.

(e) (1) The court may request an attorney to represent any person unable to afford counsel.

(2) Notwithstanding any filing fee, or any portion thereof, that may have been paid, the court shall dismiss the case at any time if the court determines that--

- (A) the allegation of poverty is untrue; or
- (B) the action or appeal--
 - (i) is frivolous or malicious;
 - (ii) fails to state a claim on which relief may be granted; or
 - (iii) seeks monetary relief against a defendant who is immune from such relief.

(f) (1) Judgment may be rendered for costs at the conclusion of the suit or action as in other proceedings, but the United States shall not be liable for any of the costs thus incurred. If the United States has paid the cost of a stenographic transcript or printed record for the prevailing party, the same shall be taxed in favor of the United States.

(2) (A) If the judgment against a prisoner includes the payment of costs under this subsection, the prisoner shall be required to pay the full amount of the costs ordered.(B) The prisoner shall be required to make payments for costs under this subsection in the same manner as is provided for filing fees under subsection (a)(2).(C) In no event shall the costs collected exceed the amount of the costs ordered by the court.

(g) In no event shall a prisoner bring a civil action or appeal a judgment in a civil action or proceeding under this section if the prisoner has, on 3 or more prior occasions, while incarcerated or detained in any facility, brought an action or appeal in a court of the United States that was dismissed on the grounds that it is frivolous, malicious, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, unless the prisoner is under imminent danger of serious physical injury.

(h) As used in this section, the term "prisoner" means any person incarcerated or detained in any facility who is accused of, convicted of, sentenced for, or adjudicated delinquent for, violations of criminal law or the terms and conditions of parole, probation, pretrial release, or diversionary program.

HISTORY: (June 25, 1948, ch 646, § 1, 62 Stat. 954; May 24, 1949, ch 139, § 98, 63 Stat. 104; Oct. 31, 1951, ch 655, § 51 (b), (c), 65 Stat. 727; Sept. 21, 1959, Pub.L. 86-320, 73 Stat. 590; Oct. 10, 1979, Pub.L. 96-82, § 6, 93 Stat. 645.) Dec. 1, 1990, Pub.L. 101-650, Title III § 321, 104 Stat. 5117; Apr. 26, 1996, Pub.L. 104-134, Title I § 101 [(a)] [Title VIII, § 804(a), (c)-(e)], 110 Stat. 1321-73, 1321-74, 1321-75; renumbered Title I May 2, 1996, Pub.L. 104-140, § 1(a), 110 Stat. 1327.)

28 USCS § 1915A (2002)

§ 1915A. Screening

(a) Screening. The court shall review, before docketing, if feasible or, in any event, as soon as practicable after docketing, a complaint in a civil action in which a prisoner seeks redress from a governmental entity or officer or employee of a governmental entity.

(b) Grounds for dismissal. On review, the court shall identify cognizable claims or dismiss the complaint, or any portion of the complaint, if the complaint--

(1) is frivolous, malicious, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted; or

(2) seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief.

(c) Definition. As used in this section, the term "prisoner" means any person incarcerated or detained in any facility who is accused of, convicted of, sentenced for, or adjudicated delinquent for, violations of criminal law or the terms and conditions of parole, probation, pretrial release, or diversionary program.

HISTORY: (Added Pub.L. 104-134, Title I § 101[(a)] [Title VIII, § 805(a)], April 26, 1996, 110 Stat. 1321-75; renumbered Title I Pub.L. 104-140, § 1(a), May 2, 1996, 110 Stat. 1327.

NOTICE OF LAWSUIT AND REQUEST FOR WAIVER OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS

ATTACHMENT 7

ΓO	(A)		
IU.	(A)		

(B) of (C) as

A lawsuit has been commenced against you (or the entity on whose behalf you are addressed). A copy of the complaint is attached to this notice. It has been filed in the United States District Court for the (D) _____ District of _____

This is not a formal summons or notification from the court, but rather my request that you sign and return the enclosed waiver of service in order to save the cost of serving you with a judicial summons and an additional copy of the complaint. The cost of service will be avoided if I receive a signed copy of the waiver within (F) ______ days after the date designated below as the date on which this Notice and Request is sent. I enclose a stamped and addressed envelope (or other means of cost-free return) for your use. An extra copy of the waiver is also attached for your records.

If you comply with this request and return the signed waiver, it will be filed with the court and no summons will be served on you. The action will then proceed as if you had been served on the date the waiver is filed, except that you will not be obligated to answer the complaint before 60 days from the date designated below as the date on which this notice is sent (or before 90 days from that date if your address is not in any judicial district of the United States).

If you do not return the signed waiver within the time indicated, I will take appropriate steps to effect formal service in a manner authorized by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and will then, to the extent authorized by those Rules, ask the court to require you (or the party on whose behalf you are addressed) to pay the full costs of such service. In that connection, please read the statement concerning the duty of parties to waive the service of the summons, which is set forth at the foot of the waiver form.

I affirm that this request is being sent to you on behalf of the plaintiff, this day of

> Signature of Plaintiff's Attorney or Unrepresented Plaintiff

A-Name of individual defendant (or name of officer or agent of corporate defendant)

______,______

- B—Title, or other relationship of individual to corporate defendant
- C-Name of corporate defendant, if any

D—District

E—Docket number of action

F-Addressee must be given at least 30 days (60 days if located in foreign country) in which to return waiver

WAIVER OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS

TO:				
(NA)	ME OF PLAINTIFF'S AT	TORNEY OR UNR	EPRESENTED PLAI	NTIFF)
I,			, acknow	ledge receipt of your request
(DEF	ENDANT NAME)			
that I waive service of summons in th	e action of		(CAPTION O	, ,
unbigh is says would be				
which is case number	(DOCKET NUME	BER)	in the	United States District Court
for the				
I have also received a copy of the return the signed waiver to you witho		ction, two copie	es of this instrur	nent, and a means by which I can
I agree to save the cost of service of that I (or the entity on whose behalf I				
I (or the entity on whose behalf I or venue of the court except for objec	0		v	Ũ
I understand that a judgment may	be entered against	me (or the par	ty on whose be	half I am acting) if an
answer or motion under Rule 12 is no	t served upon you v	within 60 days	after	,
			-	(DATE REQUEST WAS SENT)
or within 90 days after that date if the	request was sent of	utside the Unit	ed States.	
(DATE)			(SIGNATURE)	
	Printed/Typed Nan	ne:		
	As		of	
		(TITLE)	01	(CORPORATE DEFENDANT)
D (4	C. A. C.	• • • • • • • • •	_
	to Avoid Unnecessar	-		
Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedur defendant located in the United States who, after beid do so will be required to bear the cost of such service	ing notified of an action and	d asked by a plaintif	f located in the Unite	d States to waive service of summons, fails to

It is not good cause for a failure to waive service that a party believes that the complaint is unfounded, or that the action has been brought in an improper place or in a court that lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the action or over its person or property. A party who waives service of the summons retains all defenses and objections (except any relating to the summons or to the service of the summons), and may later object to the jurisdiction of the court or to the place where the action has been brought.

A defendant who waives service must within the time specified on the waiver form serve on the plaintiff's attorney (or unrepresented plaintiff) a response to the complaint and must also file a signed copy of the response with the court. If the answer or motion is not served within this time, a default judgment may be taken against that defendant. By waiving service, a defendant is allowed more time to answer than if the summons had been actually served when the request for waiver of service was received.

ATTACHMENT 8

WAIVER OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS

	, acknowledge receipt of your request
DEFENDANT NAME)	, actino inclugo receipe or your request
the action of	(CAPTION OF ACTION)
	in the United States District Court
(DOCKET NUMBER)	
District of	
	(DOCKET NUMBER)

I agree to save the cost of service of a summons and an additional copy of the complaint in this lawsuit by not requiring that I (or the entity on whose behalf I am acting) be served with judicial process in the manner provided by Rule 4.

I (or the entity on whose behalf I am acting) will retain all defenses or objections to the lawsuit or to the jurisdiction or venue of the court except for objections based on a defect in the summons or in the service of the summons.

I understand that a judgment may be entered against me (or the party on whose behalf I am acting) if an

answer or motion under Rule 12 is not served upon you within 60 days after

(DATE REQUEST WAS SENT)

or within 90 days after that date if the request was sent outside the United States.

(DATE)	(SIGNATURE)		
	Printed/Typed Name:		
	As	of	
	(TITLE)		(CORPORATE DEFENDANT)

Duty to Avoid Unnecessary Costs of Service of Summons

Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires certain parties to cooperate in saving unnecessary costs of service of the summons and complaint. A defendant located in the United States who, after being notified of an action and asked by a plaintiff located in the United States to waive service of summons, fails to do so will be required to bear the cost of such service unless good cause be shown for its failure to sign and return the waiver.

It is not good cause for a failure to waive service that a party believes that the complaint is unfounded, or that the action has been brought in an improper place or in a court that lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the action or over its person or property. A party who waives service of the summons retains all defenses and objections (except any relating to the summons or to the service of the summons), and may later object to the jurisdiction of the court or to the place where the action has been brought.

A defendant who waives service must within the time specified on the waiver form serve on the plaintiff's attorney (or unrepresented plaintiff) a response to the complaint and must also file a signed copy of the response with the court. If the answer or motion is not served within this time, a default judgment may be taken against that defendant. By waiving service, a defendant is allowed more time to answer than if the summons had been actually served when the request for waiver of service was received.